Appendix 2

Plan Change 2: Pukehāngi Heights – Notified Version Track Changed Provisions Recommended by Hearing Panel

Amendments to plan change as notified are denoted as follows:

- <u>Underlined text</u> identifies proposed additional text to the District Plan;
- Strike through text-identifies proposed deletions to the District Plan.

Amendments to the notified plan change

- <u>Double underlined text</u> identifies Hearing Panel recommended additional text to the Notified PC2:
- Double strike-through text identifies Hearing Panel recommended deletions to the Notified PC2.

APPENDIX 5

DEVELOPMENT PLANS, DEVELOPMENT AREAS, AND STRUCTURE

PLANS

A5.1

INTRODUCTION

There are eleven development plan areas, these being

This Appendix includes Development Plans, Development Areas, and Structure Plans, along with the supporting provisions, where relevant), for the following areas:

- A5.2 Parklands Estato Pikehāngi Road Development Plan
- A5.2A Pukehāngi Neights Development Area
- A5.3 Whaven i Poad Area Development Plan
- A5.4 Con mnovation Park Development Plan
- A5.5 Waipa Business Park Development Plan
- 6. Whangamoa Trust Ōtaramarae Development Plan
- 3.7 Lakefront East Development Plan
- A5.8 Twin Oaks Development Plan
- A5.9 Taheke 8C Development Plan
- A5.10 Ōturoa Vista Development Plan
- A5.11 Ōwhatiura Development Plan
- A5.12 Kāingaroa Papakāinga Development Plan

A5.2A PUKEHĀNGI HEIGHTS DEVELOPMENT AREA

A5.2A.1 Introduction

The Pukehāngi Heights Development Area adjoins the existing urban area to the south west of Pukehāngi Road. The area has been identified for future growth given it is close to central Rotorua, has good aspect and views that create an opportunity for high amenity residential development, and is contiguous with existing urban development giving ease of access to infrastructure.

Area wide assessments of landscape, natural hazards, transport, stormwater and archaeological and cultural values have been undertaken to ensure the suitability of the area for a mix of development types including low and medium density residential development and rural residential development.

Pukehāngi Heights Development Area provides potential for comprehensive, integrated development with associated landscape, cultural, ecological, water quality and public access benefits.

The Pukehāngi Heights Development Area is located on the lower slopes of the Caldera Rim The Caldera Rim landscape has been recognised as being highly valued by the Rotorua community. The landscape values of the Caldera Rim have been assessed to the 'Rotorua Caldera Rim – Caldera Rim Rural Character Design Guideline' (October 2012), which also provides guidance on how to integrate growth and land use a time into the landscape.

The Design Guideline identifies the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area as being within the 'less sensitive rural landscape' situated below the RL38t contour. Above this contour, the areas rural or natural character should be maintained. The less sensitive rural landscape still contains important rural character and amenity where but is less sensitive to land use change.

The main land form broadly comprises two remaces with an escarpment between. The Lower Terrace adjoins Pukehāngi Road and slown, rises to meet the Mid-site Escarpment that rises to a broad Upper Terrace extending northwest/southeast with intervening valleys. The Upper Terrace has an escarpment backdrost

The urban design approach socks to enable development while maintaining and enhancing identified environmental values. This is guided by the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area Structure Plan that applies both general and place-specific principles.

While few archaeological features remain, the Cultural Impact Assessment prepared by Ngàti Kea Ngàti Tuara sultural assessments prepared identifyies the area's cultural and historical significance. With settlement occurring over 500 years ago. The whole area is significant for Ngāti Kea Ngāti Tuarā as a meeting point between their ancestors' traditional homes of Horobars, Tihi-o-Tonga, Tārewa and Patetere. Key cultural features include the old pā sites - Pakehāngi and Puketapu and the north-facing slopes from the kāinga at Paparata towards the north-west (along what is now Pukehāngi Road) that were used extensively by tangata whenua as mahinga kai.

<u>The area is also significant for other iwi and hapū with associations with the cultural landscape including downstream sites and values.</u>

Principles

The general principles for the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area are:

- Development that responds to the landscape values of the Caldera Rim and the topography of the area;
- Development that recognises, protects and provides for the expression of the cultural and archaeological values of the area;

- Roads, walkways and cycleway connections throughout the area and connecting with adjoining sites;
- Comprehensively designed low impact stormwater management integrated with development;
- Enhancement of ecological values by including indigenous vegetation plantings; and
- Excellent urban design outcomes including for solar access and passive surveillance of public spaces;
- <u>Development that is designed within nutrient management limits and contributes to the reduction in nitrogen entering Lake Rotorua.</u>

The place-specific principles are:

Lower Terrace

- Low density residential development;
- Medium density residential development located on land of easy contour adjacent to local services and open space, and sleeved with lower density residential development, commercial development or open space to provide a harmonious transition with existing low density residential development along Pukehāngi Road;
- Small commercial areas for local convenience retail, a cafe and or mildcare located near to intersections with Pukehāngi Road; and
- A transitional area along the base of the Mid-site Escarpment where additional landscape and building controls apply (Escarpment Transition Area 1).

Mid-site Escarpment

- Partially re-vegetated native bush and specimen tree network to form a backdrop to the development on the Lower Terrace;
- A visual character that is dominated by a ceas of re-vegetation near the Parklands Estate
 development transitioning through to an open space character close to Matipo Avenue
 and Paradise Valley Road;
- <u>Rural residential</u> <u>Large lot</u> de plopment;
- Landscape design that incognities development with the surrounding environment including the 'Parklan's state' Development; and
- Design controls on buildings.

Upper Terrace

- Low density endential development; and
- A transitional area along the front of the Upper Terrace where additional landscape and controls apply (Escarpment Transition Area 2).

Upper Escarpment

No development on the upper escarpment; and
Partial re-vegetation to form a coherent transition from the Parklands Estate
development and to create a backdrop to development on the Upper Terrace.

Pukehāngi Southern Slopes

Rural 2 Zone provisions apply.

The specific objectives, policies and rules for the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area identify outcomes that are additional to those sought by the general provisions of the Residential 1 and Rural 2 Zoning of the land. Where there is any conflict, the specific provisions shall take precedence.

A5.2A.2 Objectives and Policies







The objectives and policies shall be read in conjunction with the provisions for the Residential 1 and Rural 2 zoning.

Objective 1: Pukehāngi Heights Development Area – Landscape Values

Maintain the valued landscape character and amenity values associated with the wider caldera rim while enabling development that is consistent with the principles of the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area Structure Plan and visually integrates with surrounding land uses.

Policy

Lower Terrace - Low Density Residential Development

1.1

Enable development on the Lower Terrace that is consistent with Reside Objectives and Policies.

Policy

Lower Terrace – Medium Density Residential Development

1.2

Enable medium density residential development with hoice in housing and to the development is designed to provide diversit integrate with the character of the surrounding a

Policy

Lower Terrace - Maintenance of Land

1.3

ivity at the base of the Mid-site Manage the landscape and visual (Exarpment Transition Area 1) within which: Escarpment by defining an a

- are used on structures and buildings, and controls eight to mitigate visual effects;
- lanting is used to mitigate visual effects of development rovide a coherent transition between the landscape acter of the Lower Terrace and the Mid-site Escarpment; anges to land form that require visually obtrusive retaining structures are avoided; and
- other measures mitigate the visual impact of development.

ite Escarpment – <u>Rural Residential</u> Large Lot Development

Enable rural residential large lot development on the Mid-site Escarpment that allows for view shafts from all identified building platforms whilst providing a partially re-vegetated native bush and a specimen tree network.

Mid-site Escarpment - Maintenance and Enhancement of Landscape Values

Maintain and enhance the landscape values of the Mid-site Escarpment by:

- Providing a visual character that is dominated by areas of re-vegetation near the Parklands Estate development transitioning through to an open space character close to Matipo Avenue and Paradise Valley Road;
- b. Reducing the visibility of development on the Mid-site Escarpment;
- Providing an open space and integrated vegetated backdrop to development on the Lower Terrace that retains the natural landform integrity;

- d. Ensuring that development achieves the intended landscape outcomes through a design process that takes into account the landscape values and attributes of the site; and
- e. Controlling the landscape and visual effects of buildings, structures and earthworks following the completion of development by:
 - clustering built development to enhance the dominance of open space and re-vegetation and to minimise the visibility of roads and accessways;
 - avoiding urbanised boundary lot fencing dominating the pattern of development along the Mid-site Escarpment
 - locating buildings away from the escarpment edges; and
 - locating building platforms to minimise the need for extensive earthworks.

Policy

Upper Terrace - Low Density Residential Development

1.6

Enable development on the Upper Terrace that is consistent with Residential 1 Objectives and Policies.

Policy 1.7 Upper Terrace and Upper Escarpment – Maintenance and Enhancement of Landscape Values

Maintain and enhance the landscape and virus values of the Upper Terrace and Upper Escarpment by:

- a. Avoiding development above \$1.385m on the Upper Escarpment; and
- b. Managing the landscape and isual sensitivity at the top of the Mid-site Escarpment by:
 - defining an area (E) carpment Transition Area 2) within which additional cheasures will apply;
 - ensuring uildings are well set back from the top of the Mid-site escarant;
 - e is using that there is good separation between buildings to create a low density character when viewed from the central Rotorua urban area;
 - avoiding a uniform pattern of development; using recessive colours on structures and buildings, and controls on building height to mitigate visual effects;
 - using landscape planting to mitigate visual effects of development and to provide a coherent transition between the landscape character of the Mid-site Escarpment and the Upper Terrace while providing for view shafts from all identified building platforms near the edge; and
 - other measures that mitigate the visual impact of development.

Policy

Pukehāngi Southern Slopes

1.8

Enable development and land use activity that is consistent with Rural 2 objectives and policies.

Policy

Integration with surrounding areas

1.9

Provide a visual transition from the indigenous bush character of the Parklands Estate Development to the landscape character of the surrounding area.

Objective 2: Pukehāngi Heights Development Area – Integrated Urban Design

The environmental quality, character, amenity and cultural values of the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area are developed and then maintained and enhanced through appropriate urban planning and design, <u>including through integrated management of land use and stormwater.</u>

Policy

Lower Terrace - Medium Density Residential Development

2.1

Enable medium density development that delivers the following qualities and characteristics:

- a. Buildings with design qualities appropriate to higher density living
- b. Visual and aural privacy;
- c. Diversity of built form;
- d. Smaller household units and apartment style living
- e. Outdoor space of a high quality; and
- f. Amenity planting to reduce the dominance of the built environment.

Policy

Environmental Enhancement

2.2

Reduce nutrient losses, restore and phance indigenous biodiversity and ecological functioning through partial re-vegetation of the Mid-site Escarpment.

Policy

Integration of Land Use and Stormwater Management

2.3

Provide for integrated management of land use and stormwater by:

- a. Management of water quality and quantity through the application of low impact design principles with the development of a "treatment train" using measures that distribute stormwater management across the site including:
 - Source Control individual lot level stormwater management approaches such as soak holes for capturing roof runoff, rain gardens, rainwater harvesting;
 - Site Control collecting and conveying runoff from a collection of lots through to smaller stormwater management facilities such as dry attenuation zones, swales, through to;
 - Regional Control larger dedicated catchment facilities, such as detention basins, ponds and wetlands.
- Designing stormwater infiltration measures based on a geotechnical assessment to achieve and maintain a low level of risk of landslip or liquefaction within the Development Area without increasing risk elsewhere;
- c. Minimising the formed width of roads to reduce stormwater run-off while ensuring that road function and safety is maintained;
- d. Integrating the use of open space for stormwater management and recreation including the provision and protection of adequate space to safely accommodate detention ponds and overland flow paths; and
- e. Ensuring that appropriate stormwater infrastructure is provided at the right time and that costs are shared on an equitable basis.

Orafic Rec

Policy

Traffic and Access

2.4

Ensuring that construction and development traffic is accommodated in a manner that maintains connectivity, safety, and amenity within the capacity of the road network by:

- Identifying an indicative primary road network on the Structure Plan with connections to the existing road network to optimise traffic management;
- b. Identifying additional primary road connections on the Structure Plan that may be provided to improve connectivity;
- c. Identifying appropriate construction traffic routes where necessary and
- d. Ensuring efficient and safe walkways are provided to existing and planned potential future public transport facilities along Puk hāngi Road
- e. Avoiding lots that access Pukehāngi Road to ensure the safety of any future cycleway along Pukehāngi Road is protected; and to minimise demand for on street parking and the need to upgrave the carriageway width.
- f. Designing and locating road intersections with Pukehāngi Road to reduce the effects of vehicle light spill into house located opposite the new roads.

Ld

Policy 2.5

Minimises of Neduces Dehan Street Character and Amenity

Develop a local street character to t:

- Minimises the form a winth of roads to create a low speed road environment, while ensuring that road capacity, function and safety is maintained;
- Provides a lide vegetated berm incorporating street planting on the Upper and Lower Terraces to create an attractive street environment and to break up the mass of buildings and development;
- c. Reduces building setbacks to promote the use of streets as safe social spaces;
- d. Pro notes passive surveillance of the street through visually permeable street boundary fencing; and

Avoids negative impacts on amenity values from high fences on rear yards along Pukehāngi Road through the use of permeable fencing and optional screening planting behind. Minimises vehicle crossings onto Pukehāngi Road to ensure the safety of any future cycleway along Pukehāngi Road is protected.

protected

Local Reserves and Open Space

Ensure the design of reserves and open space incorporates best practice, including the application of Crime Prevention through Environmental Design principles.

Policy

Public Walking and Cycling Access

2.7

Provide high levels of connectivity within and around the site for walking and cycling.

Policy

Local Services

2.8

Plan Change 2: Pukehāngi Heights: Provisions recommended by Hearing Panel

7

Enable small scale retail, cafe and childcare activities to provide convenient and highly accessible local services to the Development Area and surrounding residential area.

Policy 2.9 Cultural: Identity, landscapes and Values

Ensuring that subdivision, use and development expresses the cultural history and identity of Tangata Whenua, recognises the cultural landscape, and recognises and protects the values of <u>archaeological and</u> cultural sites and areas within the Development Area by:

- a. Consulting with Tangata Whenua through the design and planning sages o development;
- Expressing cultural identity through measures such as the inclusion of structures or art in public spaces, interpretation plaques, a cultural trail, place naming;
- Recognising that the Development Area forms part of a wider cultural landscape for Ngāti Kea Ngāti Tuarā;
- d. Recognising the interests of other Te Arawa 1 and hapū with associations with the cultural landscape including downstream sites and values;
- e. Identifying <u>archaeological and cultural</u> ites and areas, and providing legal and practical access for Tangata Whenla;
- f. Assessing the values and associations of identified <u>archaeological and</u> cultural sites and areas, and the wider cultural landscape; and
- g. Mitigating adverse effects of the values and associations of identified sites and areas, and other sites and areas that may be discovered during development.

Information or the cultural history of the area is provided in the Ngàti Kea Ngàti Tuarà Cultural Impact Assessment: An Assessment of the Cultural Impact of the proposed Parkenangi Heights Development (Te Rùnanga o Ngàti Kearoa Ngàti Tuarà, (Viay 2019).

olic

Beverse sensitivity associated with the Rotorua Speedway

Ensure that noise emissions from the speedway are considered for subdivision in Area C on the Pukehāngi Heights Structure Plan and that measures are taken by those subdividing and developing land in the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area to reduce the potential for reverse sensitivity to the speedway and achieve an appropriate noise environment for residents.

Objective 2a: Pukehāngi Heights Development Area - Stormwater Effects

<u>Cumulative stormwater effects are managed in an integrated manner solely within the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area without the need to rely on upstream or downstream mitigation options.</u>

<u>Policy</u>

Stormwater Effects

2a.1

, Stormwater Managent Plan Rotorna Lakes Caencil

Manage the cumulative stormwater effects within the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area and on the downstream environment through a Stormwater Management Plan for the entire Pukehängi Heights Development Area that is prepared by Rotorua Lakes Council prior to any subdivision occurring. The SMP prepared by RLC must include:

- A Natural Hazard Risk Assessment that complies with Regional Policy Statement Appendix L – Methodology for Risk Assessment which shall demonstrate that a low level of risk will be achieved within the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area without increasing the flooding risk downstream;
- (ii) The same range of criteria which must be at least as conservative as those used in the stormwater modelling report titled "Rotorua Lakes Council, Reference and the stormwater modelling report titled "Rotorua Lakes Council, Reference and the stormwater modelling report titled "Rotorua Lakes Council, Reference and the stormwater modelling report titled "Rotorua Lakes Council, Reference and the stormwater modelling report titled "Rotorua Lakes Council, Reference and the stormwater modelling report titled "Rotorua Lakes Council, Reference and the stormwater modelling report titled "Rotorua Lakes Council, Reference and the stormwater modelling report titled "Rotorua Lakes Council, Reference and the stormwater modelling report titled "Rotorua Lakes Council, Reference and the stormwater modelling report titled "Rotorua Lakes Council, Reference and the stormwater modelling report titled "Rotorua Lakes Council, Reference and the stormwater modelling report titled "Rotorua Lakes Council, Reference and Referenc Pukehāngi Heights Stormwater Report, WSP, 14 September 2020";
- (iii) Verification that if model platforms other than those used in the re "Rotorua Lakes Council, PC2 - Pukehāngi Heights Stormwater Refort WSP, 14 September 2020" are used for the SMP to predict downstream hooding effects, that the alternative model platforms have been enter alibrated against the BOPRC's Greater Utuhina Catchment Model of produce results that are consistent with it;
- (iv) Information and Assessment Requirements for sorr ater management solutions for individual subdivisions;
- (v) The intended scale, nature and form (including ground levels) of development and subdivision in the Development Area;
- (vi) An assessment of potential effects of s orm water (velocity, flood depth, flood extent) as well as related en sion effects on the downstream catchment that includes the Lower Utubina catchment;
- (vii) The assessment shall consider the potential for effects related to flood duration including:
 - holding up stornwater discharges to the streams due to elevated and longer difficion backwater;
 - stream bank erosion and channel instabilities from extended of elevated flows;
 - sed length of time buildings, roads, footpath, and structures hight be flooded above the key flood hazard threshold for depth and velocity (DxV >0.3);

sessment of the potential effects on water quality;

Details of mitigation measures for the entire Development Area. Details shall

- measures to the staging of development in the Development Area;
- (xi) An assessment of potential effects of storm water management measures on land stability and liquefaction;
- (xii) The condition of existing infrastructural assets;
- (xiii) The intended staging and timing for the provision and vesting and/or upgrading and replacement of infrastructural assets;
- (xiv) Detail of ongoing operational procedures and maintenance requirements for any water quantity and/or quality control structures or formed features such as ponds/dams;

Puleshing, Height

The size of ponds, location, configuration of the outlet structures, discharge locations, and hydraulic performance of the ponds for on-site storm water management; and The size of channels and the related erosion protection measures for primary, secondary and overland flow paths (on-site and off-site) including for the receiving waterways immediately downstream; (x) Consideration of the sensitivity of proposed storm water management

the owners of land in the put he Pukehang. Height, levelout) deg tree,

(xv) The outcomes of consultation with the Bay of Plenty Regional Council, Te Rūnanga o Ngāti Kearoa Ngāti Tuarā Trust, Ngāti Whakaue (as represented by Te Komiro o te Utuhina or its successor), and Te Arawa Lakes Trust and other affected stakeholdersy

Objective 3: Pukehāngi Heights Development Area – Flood Hazard Risk Management

Stormwater Management

Ensure that development within the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area the SMP prepared by Rotorua Lakes Council under Policy 2a.1 achieves and maintains a low level of flood hazard risk within the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area, and that flooding risks is (including flood flow velocity, flooding depth and flooding extent) are not increased for within urban areas in the downstream Otamatea, Mangakakahi and Utuhina Stream catchments¹.

Policy 3.1

Flooding and Stormwater

Ensure that risk from flooding is managed by:

- Prior to subdivision and development, undertaking a floo crisk assessment using a detailed catchment wide model (which may include detailed hydrological and hydraulic modelling and has and nitigation) to show how low flood risk will be achieved and maintained within the Development Area without increasing flood risk to downstream urban areas;
- Providing overland flow paths for events that are greater than that designed for; and
- <u>Providing for other treatment met rures that may arise because of site specific assessments.</u>

Policy 3.1

Flood Hazard Risk Managen ent

26,

a. In addition to a hieving the outcomes required by Objective 3, Rotorua Lakes

Council w. Lidentify and protect primary and secondary overland flow paths

down treem of the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area for any storm event
that exceeds the capacity of the stormwater solution provided within the

Development Area

Policy

Refusing Resource Consent where Objective 3 Not Met

Y

Rotorua Lakes Council will refuse applications for resource consent where the proposed subdivision, use or development will not achieve the downstream flooding risk outcomes listed in Objective 3.

Objective 4: Pukehāngi Heights Development Area — Landslide and Liquefaction Hazard Risk Management

Ensure that development within the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area achieves and maintains a low level of landslide and liquefaction hazard risk² within the Development Area, without increasing risk in surrounding areas.

Policy

Landslide and Liquefaction Risk Management

4.1

1

¹ As defined by the BOP Regional Policy Statement

² As defined by the BOP Regional Policy Statement

Ensure that a low level of risk from landslide or liquefaction is achieved and maintained within the Development Area without increasing the risk to surrounding areas following subdivision and development by:

- Undertaking a landslide assessment in accordance with AGS 2007 Landslide Risk Management Framework as part of any application for subdivision;
- Undertaking a liquefaction assessment in accordance with Planning and engineering guidance for potentially liquefaction-prone land Resource Management Act and Building Act aspects Rev 0.1 Issue date September 2017 Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment (MBIE) as part of any application for subdivision; and
- c. Implementing any necessary risk treatment measures to ensure hardow landslide and liquefaction risk is achieved within the Develorment Area without increasing risk in surrounding areas.

Objective 5: Pukehāngi Heights Development Area – Nutrient Manageme

<u>Development within the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area results in a</u> <u>decrease in nutrient losses thereby contributing a water quality improvements in</u> <u>Lake Rotorua.</u>

- Policy 5.1 Subdivision and land use shall be designed to achieve nutrient losses within the limits of the Nitrogen Discharge Allocation to the land, subject to Policy 5.2 below.
- Policy 5.2 Any nutrient losses from subdivision and land use that exceed the limits of the Nitrogen Discharge Allocation to the land must be accounted for and offset otherwise subdivision consent vill not be granted.
- Policy 5.3 The assessment of natient losses shall follow best practice and be in accordance with any Council and wed policy or guidelines, including any Nitrogen Allocation

 Transfer Plan (or quivalent) certified under the discharge consent for the Rotorua

 Wastewater Treatment Plant

A5.2.3 Rules - Pukehängi Heights Development Area - Residential 1

A5.2.3.1 Activities

Table 5.2617 Pukehāngi Heights Development Area Residential 1

Rules	Activity Status
Land Use	
 Any of the activities listed in the Reside Zone but located in this Developmen other than those activities listed below. 	i As for Residential 1 Zone 1
2. Any activity stated as a permitted activity does not meet the performance stand A5.2.3.3.	
3. An activity listed above as a Res Discretionary Activity (RD) that does no the performance standards in A5.2.3.3.	
4. Infrastructure as shown on the Puk Heights Development Area Structure Pla	o i Ri)

5. Development within the 'Medium Density Residential Development Area' that meets Performance Standard A5.2.3.3 - 9.	RD
Child Care Centre within the Community, Retail and Commercial Area shown on the Structure Plan.	RD
7. Convenience Retail and Offices within the Community, Retail and Commercial Area shown on the Structure Plan.	RD
8. Café within the Community, Retail and Commercial Area shown on the Structure Plan.	RD 5
Subdivision	
9. Subdivision that is consistent with the principles of the Structure Plan for the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area and that complies with the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area - Residential 1 Subdivision Performance Standards A5.2.3.4.	RD 15
10. Subdivision within the 'Medium Density Residential Development Area' that meets Performance Standard A5.2.3.4.	RD
11. Subdivision where the specific ludes an site of archaeological or cultural site importance.	RD
12. Subdivision within the Stormwater / Recreation Are	RD
13. Subdivision that is not consistent with the principles of the Structure Plan for the Pukanāng Heights Development Area.	D
Jubdivision that would otherwise be a stricted Discretionary Activity and that does not comply with one or more of the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area - Residential 1 Subdivision Performance Standards A5.2.3.4.	D
15. Subdivision that would otherwise be a Restricted Discretionary Activity and that does not comply with A5.2.3.4.7 Stormwater Management and A5.2.3.4.8 Natural Hazard Risk Management	NC
Exceptions:	
The following rules do not apply to the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area:	
Infrastructure: 15.5.25 Subdivision 13.5.1.10	

A5.2.3.2 Non-Notification

Any application for resource consent for the activities listed in Table A5.2.3.1 a 4 - 11 shall be considered without public or limited notification—or the need to obtain the written approval from affected parties if the Land Use and/or Subdivision are consistent with the principles of the Pukehāngi Development Area Structure Plan Pukehāngi Development Area Structure Plan and Performance Standards, with the exception that:

a. Applications that are inconsistent with the SMP prepared by Rotorua
Lakes Council under Policy 2a.1 will require the written approval of Te
Rūnanga o Ngāti Kearoa Ngāti Tuarā Trust, Ngāti Whakaue (as
represented by Te Komiro o te Utuhina or its successor), and Te Arawa
Lakes Trust in order to proceed without limited notification.

(Lanove Gap)

<u>b.</u> Subdivision applications that do not meet the subdivision performance standards in A5.2.3.4.7, A5.2.3.4.8 and A5.2.3.4.8a wilk require the written approval of the Bay of Plenty Regional Counce in order to proceed without limited notification.

A5.2.3.3 Performance Standards - Land Use

The Residential 1 Zone provisions along with any other specific provisions apply in this Development Area unless otherwise specified below.

2 Yards

a. The minimum yard for buildings shall be as follows:

i. Front yards: 3.0m

ii. A garage coor or carport shall be located at least 4.5m from the road bound in

ii. Side and rear yards: 1.5m

iv. Rear sites - south yard: 1.5m

Rear sites - all other yards: 2.5m

Rural 1 Zone boundary 5m

. Yards from boundary adjacent to forestry where indicated in the

Structure Plan 30m

b. Except on side boundaries where there is an existing common wall between two semi-detached units on adjacent sites, or where a common wall is proposed, no yard setback is required along that part of the boundary covered by such a wall.

- 3 Outdoor Recreation and Amenity Space
 - a. The outdoor recreation and amenity space (including decks) for dwellings shall be:
 - i. a minimum of 40m² of the net site area excluding any areas used for parking and turning vehicles;
 - ii. directly accessible from the principal living room, dining room or kitchen; and
 - iii. capable of containing a 4.5m diameter circle.

b. Where the outdoor recreation and amenity space is located on the southern side of the dwelling it must be located at least 4m from the southern end of building.

4 Impervious Area

The maximum site coverage for impermeable surfaces shall be 55%, except that the maximum site coverage for impermeable surfaces shall be 80% on sites with:

- i. <u>Semi-detached dwellings; or</u>
- ii. <u>Medium Density Residential Development located within the</u>
 <u>Medium Density Residential Development Area.</u>

5 Fencing-Passive Surveillance of Streets

- a. The maximum height of any fence, wall or combination of these structures located between the dwelling and the front boundary of a size or adjoining any public open space:
 - i. shall not exceed 1.6m in height; and
 - ii. any fencing above 1.2m in height shall be virually bermeable (that being that where any fencing is above 1.2m in reight at least 50% of that area can be seen through).
- b. <u>Fences on rear boundaries adjoining Probehangi Road shall be visually permeable (that being at least 50% of the tencing can be seen through) but may incorporate screen planting Lehild.</u>

6 Household Unit Density

a. Semi Detached Unit

In addition to the Rosalendal Zone Performance Standard (4.6.4.a), the minimum net site area for a semi-detached unit shall be 500m² (250m² per unit).

b. Smaller st

Where a site is less than 450m², the maximum density shall be one dwelling persite.

7 Protection of Landscape Values in Escarpment Transition Area 1

Reflectivity:

- The reflectivity value of external walls roofs and joinery shall not exceed 37%;
- ii. The reflectivity value of roofs shall not exceed 25%
- b. Fences and retaining walls:
 - a. Retaining walls shall not exceed 2m in height; and
 - b. Retaining walls shall be screened with planting or constructed of low visibility materials such as, natural materials including stone and timber that weather naturally, or if painted, colours with a reflectivity value that shall not exceed 25%.

Note: Other conditions on site development may be identified in a Consent Notice registered on the relevant Certificate of Title.

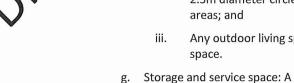
- 8 Protection of Landscape Values in Escarpment Transition Area 2
 - a. Height: The maximum height of a building or structure shall be 6m;

b. Yards:

- The minimum side yard for buildings shall be 5m and one side yard may be reduced to 2m; and
- ii. The minimum rear yards for buildings shall be 7m.
- c. Modulation: Maximum continuous building length shall be 15m.
- d. Household Unit Density: One dwelling per lot.
- e. Reflectivity:
 - i. The reflectivity value of external walls roofs and joinery shall not exceed 37%
 - ii. The reflectivity value of roofs shall not exceed 25%
- f. Fences and retaining walls: Fencing or retaining walls (excluding front boundary fences) shall be screened with planting or constructed of low visibility materials such as, natural materials including stone and timber that weather naturally, or if painted, colours with a reflectivity value that shall not exceed 25%.

Note: Other conditions on site development may be identified in a Consent Notice registered on the Certificate of Title of the site.

- 9 Medium Density Residential Development
 - a. Location: Within the areas as inch ated on the Pukehāngi Heights
 Development Area Structure Play
 - b. Urban Design Assessment. A Urban Design Assessment shall be provided with any resource consect application. The assessment shall be prepared by a suitably qualified urban design professional and shall set out the development of it ctives and design principles and address all matters of discretion in AS 2.5.2.
 - c. Minimum arent net site area: 1500m².
 - d. Mir mom net site area per dwelling: 200m².
 - e. Maximum height: 9m.
 - rivate outdoor living space:
 - Ground floor unit: A minimum of 25m² being able to accommodate a 4m diameter circle situated adjacent to one of the main living areas of the dwelling on the northern, eastern, or western side of the property;
 - ii. Upper floor unit: A minimum of 10m² being able to accommodate a
 2.5m diameter circle situated adjacent to one of the main living areas; and
 - iii. Any outdoor living space provided shall be exclusive of any access space.
 - g. Storage and service space: A minimum of 5m² of open space per dwelling that can accommodate a 2m diameter circle.
- 10 Community, Retail and Commercial Activities
 - a. Location: Within each of the areas indicated on the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area Structure Plan the following activities may occur.



- Convenience retail activities not exceeding 600m² in total gross floor area within each centre provided that any one tenancy shall be limited to a maximum of 300m²;
- ii. Offices;
- iii. Café: Up to 200m² net floor area; and
- iv. Early Childhood Centre: Up to 50 Children.
- 11 The performance standards in A5.2.3.4 Performance Standards Subdivision shall apply, where relevant, to any proposed land use that occurs prior to subdivision.

A5.2.3.4 Performance Standards – Subdivision

- 1 The provisions of Part 13: Subdivision for the Residential 1 Zone, along with any other relevant provisions of the District Plan, apply in the Pukehang Heights Development Area unless otherwise specified below.
- 2 Minimum Lot Width for Solar Access

The minimum width of any property where the root boundary faces north, and access is from the north, or is within 25 degrees on orth, shall be 18m.

3 Semi-detached Units (i.e. one unit per 250)

Minimum lot area: 500m².

4 Protection of Landscape Values in Esterpment Transition Areas 1 and 2

A Landscape and Visual Assessment shall be provided for subdivision in Escarpment Transition A cass L and 2 as shown on the Pukehāngi Heights Structure Plan, prepared by a switch by qualified landscape architect and shall address:

- i. Finish a land contours and retaining structures;
- ii. Levout of roads, access, buildings, and other structures;
- iii Landscape mitigation planting; and
 - Design controls.
- 5 Pot ction of Landscape Values by Re-vegetation of Upper Escarpment
 - i. A subdivision consent application for all or part of the Upper Terrace shall include any part of the Upper Escarpment adjoining that part of the Upper Terrace as shown on the Pukehāngi Heights Structure Plan.
- 6 Medium Density Residential Development

Subdivision for Medium Density Residential Development assessed under Rule A5.2.3.1.5

7 Stormwater Management

A Stormwater Management Plan shall be provided which shall address;

- The scale and form of foreseeable urban development in the applicable catchment;
- An assessment of effects on stormwater water quality and quantity, including erosion and flooding hazards, in the applicable catchment Utuhina Catchment for the full reach downstream to Lake Rotorua;

- Proposals for management of stormwater water quality and quantity, including protection of overland flowpaths from inappropriate development:
- The sensitivity of proposed stormwater management measures to the staging of development in the Development Area;
- The potential effects of stormwater management measures on land stability and liquefaction;
- Infrastructural assets to be vested in the council; and
- Staging and timing for the vesting of infrastructural assets.
- Stormwater Management Plan (SMP) Compliance (a)
 - Stormwater management solutions for subdivisions must be cor with the SMP prepared by Rotorua Lakes Council under Police the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area to ensure an integ approach is taken to stormwater management,
 - ii. Stormwater management solutions for subdivisions must be prepared by a suitably qualified and experienced practitione
- Information and Assessment Requirem (b) Solutions for Subdivisions

Stormwater management solutions for subdivisions must include the following information:

- The intended scale, natural and form (including ground levels) of development in the Deve nent Area;
- ii. mential effects on water quality;
- iii. Details of mitig
 - ponds, location, configuration of the outlet res, discharge locations, and hydraulic performance of the ponds for on-site storm water management; and the size of channels and the related erosion protection measures for primary, secondary and overland flow paths (onsite and off-site) including for the receiving waterways immediately downstream.

The mitigation measures shall be designed to:

- manage the potential adverse effects identified in A5.2.3.4.7(b)(ii) and (iii).
- An assessment of potential effects of storm water management measures on land stability and liquefaction;
- The intended staging and timing for the provision and vesting and/or upgrading and replacement of infrastructural assets.
- Detail of ongoing operational procedures and maintenance requirements for any water quantity and/or quality control structures or formed features such as ponds/dams.

7a Compliance with Rotorua Lakes Council Stormwater Discharge Consent

Any subdivision application must demonstrate that can comply with the conditions of the Stormwater Discharge Consent held by Rotorua Lakes Council for the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area

8 <u>Land Instability and Liquefaction</u> Natural Hazard Risk Management

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Plan Change 2: Pukehāngi Heights: Provisions recommended by Hearing Panel

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A Natural Hazard Risk Assessment that complies with Regional Policy Statement Appendix L – Methodology for Risk Assessment shall be provided which shall demonstrate that a low level of risk will be achieved within the Development Area without increasing risk elsewhere.

- i. Flooding; and
- ii. Land instability and liquefaction.
- 9 The location of the following features shall, where relevant to the subdivision, be delineated on the plan of subdivision and identified in a Consent Notice by an appropriate legal instrument on-a the relevant Certificate of Title:
 - Escarpment Transition Areas as shown on the Pukehāngi Heights Structure
 Plan; and
 - b. All Lots to be used for Community, Retail and Commercial Activities in accordance with Rule A5.2.3.3 9.
- 10 Protection of Cultural Identity and Sites of Archaeological o Cultural Importance
 The application shall:
 - a. Report on the outcomes of consultation, with Ngāti Kea Ngāti Tuarā<u>and</u>, where relevant, with other Te Arawa in and hapū with associations with the cultural landscape including downs ream sites and values;
 - b. Report on the outcomes of consultation with Heritage NZ if the subdivision includes an archaeological or caltural site;
 - Identify measures that express the cultural identity of Ngāti Kea Ngāti Tuarā with the land, including.
 - i. Incorporate landmark features such as traditional or contemporary art work, into the street network that reflect the history of the area;
 - ii. Agentsy names of streets that reflect cultural associations of Tangata Whenua with the area;
 - is and interests of other Te Arawa with and hapū with associations with the cultural landscape including downstream sites and values;
 - e. Identify measures to recognise the wider cultural landscape;
 - Identify the location, extent and scale of the proposal in relation to any identified <u>cultural and</u> archaeological sites <u>and areas</u>;
 - g. <u>Identify the process and protocols that will be applied if other cultural and archaeological sites and areas are discovered prior to or during site works or development:</u>
 - h. Identify how <u>cultural and archaeological sites and areas as shown on the</u>

 <u>Pukehāngi Heights Structure Plan heritage values</u> will be protected, including:
 - How archaeological sites <u>and areas</u> will be integrated into the development;
 - ii. <u>How sites and areas will be separated or buffered from urban activities;</u> and



- iii. Monitoring of the effects of development on archaeological sites and areas;
- Include proposals for the provision of access by Tangata Whenua to any <u>cultural and</u> archaeological sites and the on-going management of these sites; and
- Include mechanisms, for example, cultural awareness training or pre-start meetings, to ensure contractors are aware of the potential for archaeological discoveries, and the protocols to be followed should evidence be discovered.

Advice Notes:

- 1. Ngāti Kearoa Ngāti Tuarā Environmental Management Plan provides and protocols relating to wāhi tapu, wāhi whakahirahira and the koiwi tangata (remains) or taonga tuturu (traditional artefacts)
- An Archaeological Authority is required from Heritage N2 to or damage of an archaeological site, either recorded or

Development Traffic

- If no road connection is available between Area A and Area B, any road intersection connecting with Matipo Alenue from Area A may provide access for no more than 60 residential dwellings
- If a road connection is available be ween Area A and Area B, the subdivision and development of Arca A shall be designed such that any road intersection connecting with Matip Avenue from Area A provides access for no more than 35 residential, willings, or the equivalent number of vehicle trips during the evening peak of established through traffic modelling methodology by a Suitably Qualificand Experienced Traffic or Transportation Engineer.
- above shall be deemed to be met where: Standard'
- oad intersection at Pukehängi Road/Malfroy Avenue is located enerally as shown on the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area Structure Plan; and
 - The Indicative Primary Road in Area B up the Mid-site Escarpment is located generally as shown on the Pukehangi Heights Development Area Structure Plan.
- vehicle trips during the evening peak hour, are proposed within the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area a traffic assessment shall be provided to confirm that the level of service at the intersection of Malfroy Road and State Highway 5 is unlikely to exceed delays of 80 seconds after the development is complete.

Construction Traffic

For the subdivision and development of Area A, a <u>Construction</u> Traffic Management Plan shall be submitted that includes measures such that:

- a. All construction traffic is restricted from gaining access from Matipo Avenue, other than for the purpose of constructing an intersection with Matipo Avenue unless, at the time of intended construction and to Council's satisfaction, there is no ability to construct road access between Area A and Area B in which case access from wer Matipo Avenue may be permitted;
- b. <u>Unless the exception in a. above applies.</u> All construction traffic gains access from a temporary access road from the Great West Road boundary or Area B from Pukehāngi Road, other than for the purpose of constructing an intersection with Matipo Avenue;
- c. If, Prior to commencing construction, road access between Afra 1 and Area B is practicable, signage is shall be erected and displayed and maintained on and near the entrance of Matipo Avenue during construction of the development advising of the restrictions on construction staffic using Matipo Avenue for access and directing such traffic to the approved site access;

The Construction Management Plan shall in slude (but not be limited to):

- Pavement rehabilitation, condition and monitoring;
- Number of heavy vehicle motements;
- Temporary speed limits:
- Darking restrictions
- Hours and duration operation:
- Details of truck vashing facilities;
- Application of turning restrictions and truck routes.

To avoid doubt, "colour viction traffic" means heavy and light vehicles associated with subdivision and development, including but not limited to earthworks and the construction of infrastructure, but does not include traffic associated with construction of residential buildings and structures in the Development Area.

13 Con truction Noise and Vibration

No se and Vibration Management Plan shall be submitted that includes:

- Construction methodology: timeframe, hours of operation, location plan;
- b. Appropriate noise and vibration limits based on recognised standards;
- c. An assessment of the receiving environment including sensitive activities;
- d. Noise and vibration sources and proposed mitigation; and
- e. Monitoring and complaints procedures.

14 Nutrient Management

<u>A Nutrient Management Plan for the parent site, including any balance area, shall be submitted that includes:</u>

- a. Confirmation of the Nitrogen Discharge Allocation for the parent site;
- b. <u>Calculation of the nitrogen losses from the proposed development of the land</u> <u>in accordance with any Council approved policy or guidelines;</u>



- c. Proposals to address any nitrogen shortfall, where the nitrogen losses from the proposed development of the land exceed the Nitrogen Discharge Allocation for the site. This may include transfer from other land, nitrogen trading or the application of a Council-operated offset regime;
- d. <u>Nutrient management requirements to be met at full development and, where staged, at each stage of development.</u>

A5.2.4 Rules - Pukehāngi Heights Development Area Mid Site Escarpment - Rural 2 Zone

The Rural 2 Zone provisions along with any other specific provisions apply in this Development Area unless otherwise specified below.

A5.2.4.1 Activities

Table 5.2.4.1 a Pukehāngi Heights Development Area - Rural 2

Table 5.2.4	.1 a Puker	nangi Heights Development Area - Rural 2	9
	Rules		Activity Status
	Land U	se Table Table	
		Any of the activities listed in the Ruran Zone but located in this Development Area other than those activities listed below.	As for Rural 2 Zone
		Any activity stated as a senetted or controlled activity that does not meet all of the relevant performance standard is ed in A5.2.4.3.	RD
	3.	Household unit.	Р
	4.	Additional Publidiary household unit.	RD
		Infractructure as shown on the Pukehāngi Heights Drw Johnent Area Structure Plan	RD
	Subdivi	sion	
Ordick		Subdivision within the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area that is consistent with the principles of the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area Structure Plan and that complies with the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area — Rural 2 Subdivision Performance Standards A5.2.4.4.	RD
01,0	7.	Subdivision where the site includes an site of archaeological or cultural site importance.	RD
		Subdivision within the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area that is not consistent with the principles of the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area Structure Plan.	D
		Subdivision that would otherwise be a Restricted Discretionary Activity and that does not comply with one or more of the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area – Rural 2 Subdivision Performance Standards.	D
	10.	Subdivision that would otherwise be a Restricted Discretionary Activity and that does not comply with	<u>NC</u>

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A5.2.4.2 Non-Notification

Any application for resource consent for the activities listed in Table 5.2.4.1 a 5-7 shall be considered without public or limited notification or the need to obtain the written approval from affected parties if the Land Use and/or Subdivision are consistent with the principles of the Pukehāngi Development Area Structure Plan Pukehāngi Development Area Structure Plan and Performance Standards, with the exception that:

a. Applications that are inconsistent with the SMP prepared by Rouna Lakes Council under Policy 2a.1 will require the written approval of Te Rūnanga o Ngāti Kearoa Ngāti Tuarā Trust, Ngāti Whata e as represented by Te Komiro o te Utuhina or its successor, and Te Arawa Lakes Trust in order to proceed without limit of notification.

b. Subdivision applications that do not meet the subdivision performance standards in A5.2.4.4... A5.2.4.4.5 and A5.2.4.4.5 will require the written approval of the Say of Plenty Regional Council in order to proceed without limited notification.

A5.2.4.3 Performance Standards – Land Use

- 1 The Rural 2 Zone provisions along with any other specific provisions apply in this Development Area unless otherwise specified below.
- 2 Height

The maximum height of any building or structure shall be 6m.

2A Yards

The minimum (a) I for buildings shall be as provided for in the Rural 2 Zone provisions except as follows:

Yards from the boundary adjacent to forestry where indicated in the structure plan 30 n

3 Building Location

All buildings shall be located within the buildable area/s identified on each allotment.

4 Site Coverage

Site coverage of all buildings shall not exceed 400m².

5 Density

One household unit per site.

- 6 Reflectivity
 - i. The reflectivity value of external walls, roofs and joinery shall not exceed 37%
 - ii. The reflectivity value of roofs shall not exceed 25%
- 7 Fencing or Retaining Walls

Fencing or retaining walls adjacent to the escarpment shall be screened with planting or constructed of low visibility materials such as, natural materials including stone and timber that weather naturally, or if painted, colours with a

reflectivity value that shall not exceed 25%.

Note: Fencing shall be low key in design and avoid urbanised post and panel boundary lot fencing that will dominate the pattern of development along the mid-site escarpment. Post and 3-5 rail and wire fencing is appropriate.

8 Forestry

No forestry activity except:

- re-vegetation that is consistent with the principles of the Pukehāngi Heights Structure Plan; or
- b. forestry activity within the Pukehāngi Southern Slopes.

9 Farming

No agricultural production activity shall be undertaken except within the Pukehāngi Southern Slopes.

<u>The performance standards in A5.2.4.4 Performance Standards – Subdivision shall</u> <u>apply, where relevant, to any proposed land use that occur prior to subdivision.</u>

A5.2.4.4 Performance Standards – Subdivision

1 The provisions of Part 13: Subdivision for the Sural 2 Zone, along with any other relevant provisions of the District Plan, applyin the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area unless otherwise specified below.

1a Minimum Lot Area

The minimum average area of lots in the Mid-site Escarpment shall be 4,000 m². For the avoidance of doubt the calculation of the minimum average area shall include all land in the Mid-site Escarpment that is open space, reserves and roads, regardless of any sulfiland being vested in Council.

2 Building Platform and Access

Each new set small show the location of a suitable building platform of at least 200m² and the alignment of future access.

3 Landscape Concept Plan and Visual Assessment

A andscape concept plan and visual assessment shall be provided with the subdivision consent application. The landscape concept plan and visual assessment shall be prepared by a suitably qualified landscape architect and shall demonstrate how the objectives and policies for the maintenance and enhancement of landscape values will be met, including but not limited to the consideration of building locations, built form, ancillary structures, earthworks, vegetation, access and lighting.

The following detail shall be required as a condition of consent:

- a. A planting schedule;
- b. A planting programme;
- c. A post-planting maintenance regime including a pest plant and pest animal management programme; and
- d. Ownership and management systems to enable the planting programme and maintenance regime to be undertaken in an on-going manner.
- 4 Stormwater Management

<u>The performance standards contained in A5.2.3.4 Performance Standards – Subdivision, sub-section 7 Stormwater Management.</u>

A Stormwater Management Plan shall be provided which shall address;

- The scale and form of foreseeable urban development in the applicable catchment;
- An assessment of effects on stormwater water quality and quantity, including erosion and flooding hazards in the applicable catchment for the full reach downstream to Lake Rotorua;
- Proposals for management of stormwater water quality and quantity; including protection of overland flowpaths from inappropriate development;
- The sensitivity of proposed stormwater management measures to he staging of development in the Development Area;
- The potential effects of stormwater management measures on land stability and liquefaction;
- Infrastructural assets to be vested in the council; (nd)
- Staging and timing for the vesting of infrastructural assets
- 5 Land Instability and Liquefaction Natural Hayard Risk Management

A Natural Hazard Risk Assessment that complies with Regional Policy Statement Appendix L – Methodology for Risk Assessment shall be provided which shall confirm that a low level of lever on isk will be achieved within the Development Area without increasing risk els where

- a. Flooding; and
- b. Land instability to a liquefaction.
- 6 Protection of Cultural Identity and Sites of Archaeological or Cultural Importance Where the subdivision includes an archaeological or cultural site identified on the Structure Plan the application shall:
 - Report on the outcomes of consultation with Ngāti Kea Ngāti Tuarā and, where relevant, with other Te Arawa iwi and hapū with associations with the cultural landscape including downstream sites and values;
 - b. Report on the outcomes of consultation with Heritage MZ if the subdivision includes an archaeological or cultural site;
 - Identify measures that express the cultural identity of Ngāti Kea Ngāti Tuarā with the land, including:
 - i. Incorporate landmark features such as traditional or contemporary art works, into the street network that reflect the history of the area;
 - ii. Identify names of streets that reflect cultural associations of Tangata Whenua with the area;

- d. <u>Identify measures that recognise and protect the interests of other Te Arawa</u> <u>iwi and hapū with associations with the cultural landscape including</u> <u>downstream sites and values;</u>
- e. Identify measures to recognise the wider cultural landscape;
- f. Identify the location, extent and scale of the proposal in relation to any identified <u>cultural and</u> archaeological sites <u>and areas;</u>
- g. <u>Identify the process and protocols that will be applied if other cultural and archaeological sites and areas are discovered prior to or during site works or development;</u>
- h. Identify how <u>cultural and archaeological sites and areas</u> heritage values will be protected, including:
 - i. How <u>archaeological</u> sites <u>and areas</u> will be integrated in to the development;
 - ii. How sites and areas will be separated or buffered from urban activities; and
 - iii. Monitoring of the effects of development on archaeological sites and areas;
- i. Include proposals for the provision of sceess by Tangata Whenua to any <u>cultural and</u> archaeological sites and the on-going management of these sites; and
- j. Include mechanisms, for xample, cultural awareness training or pre-start meetings, to ensure contractors are aware of the potential for archaeological discoveries, and the protocols to be followed should evidence be discovered.

Advice Notes:

- 1. <u>Ngāti Kea va Ngāti Tuarā Environmental Management Plan provides policies and protocols relating to wāhi tapu, wāhi whakahirahira and the discovery of koiwi tangata (remains) or taonga tuturu (traditional artefacts).</u>
- 2. <u>In rchaeological Authority is required from Heritage NZ for the modification</u> or damage of an archaeological site, either recorded or unrecorded.

Development Traffic

- a. If no road connection is available between Area A and Area B, any road intersection connecting with Matipo Avenue from Area A may provide access for no more than 60 residential dwellings.
- b. If a road connection is available between Area A and Area B, the subdivision and development of Area A shall be designed such that any road intersection connecting with Matipo Avenue from Area A provides access for no more than 35 residential dwellings, or the equivalent number of vehicle trips during the evening peak hour established through a traffic modelling methodology approved by the Council.
- c. Standard b above shall be deemed to be met where:
 - A road intersection at Pukehāngi Road/Malfroy Avenue is located generally as shown on the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area Structure Plan; and



The Indicative Primary Road in Area B up the Mid-site Escarpment is located generally as shown on the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area Structure Plan.

d. Where a total of 500 or more residential lots, or the equivalent number of vehicle trips during the evening peak hour, are proposed within the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area a traffic assessment shall be provided to confirm that the level of service at the intersection of Malfroy Road and State Highway 5 is unlikely to exceed delays of 80 seconds after the development is complete.

8 Construction Traffic

For the subdivision and development of Area A, a <u>Construction</u> Traffic Management Plan shall be submitted that includes measures such that

- a. All construction traffic is restricted from gaining access from Mitthe Avenue, other than for the purpose of constructing an intersection with Matipo Avenue unless, at the time of intended construction and to Souncil's satisfaction, there is no ability to construct road access between Area A and Area B in which case access from lower Matips Alexade may be permitted;
- b. <u>Unless the exception in a. above applies</u>, All sonstruction traffic gains access from a temporary access road from the Great West Road boundary or Area B from Pukehāngi Road, other than for the purpose of constructing an intersection with Matipo Avenue;
- c. If, Prior to commencing construction, road access between Area A and Area B is practicable, signage it shallow erected and displayed and maintained on and near the entrance of Natipo Avenue during construction of the development advising at the restrictions on construction traffic using Matipo Avenue for access and directing such traffic to the approved site access;

The Construction Management Plan shall include (but not be limited to):

- Avenent rehabilitation, condition and monitoring;
- Number of heavy vehicle movements;
- Temporary speed limits;
- Parking restrictions;
- Hours and duration of operation;
- <u>Details of truck washing facilities;</u>
- Application of turning restrictions and truck routes.

To avoid doubt, "construction traffic" means heavy and light vehicles associated with subdivision and development, including but not limited to earthworks and the construction of infrastructure, but does not include traffic associated with construction of residential buildings and structures in the Development Area.

9 Construction Noise and Vibration

"towe" word not needed

A Noise and Vibration Management Plan shall be submitted that includes:

- Construction methodology: timeframe, hours of operation, location plan;
- Appropriate noise and vibration limits based on recognised standards;
- An assessment of the receiving environment including sensitive activities;
- Noise and vibration sources and proposed mitigation; and
- Monitoring and complaints procedures.

10 Nutrient Management

A Nutrient Management Plan for the parent site, including any bala be submitted that includes:

- Confirmation of the Nitrogen Discharge Allocation for the
- b. Calculation of the nitrogen losses from the proposed opment of the land in accordance with any Council approved policy or suid
- c. Proposals to address any nitrogen shortfall, ere the nitrogen losses from the proposed development of the land exceed the Nitrogen Discharge Allocation for the site. This may include transfer from other land, nitrogen trading or the application of a Council-operated ofse regime,



to be met at full development and, where staged, at each stage of

Rules - Pukehangi Heights Development Area Upper Escarpment - Rural 1 Zone A5.2.5

ong with any other specific provisions apply in this Development The Rural 1 Zone provision Area unless otherwise ied below.

Activities A5.2.5.1

Activity Status Rules Land Use 1. Any of the activities listed in the Rural 1 Zone other than As for Rural 1 those activities listed below. Zone 2. Buildings NC Subdivision 3. Subdivision that is consistent with the principles of the RD Structure Plan for the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area and complies with the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area - Rural 1 Subdivision Performance

4. Subdivision that is not consistent with the principles of

the Structure Plan for the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area or does not comply with the

Plan Change 2: Pukehāngi Heights: Provisions recommended by Hearing Panel

Standards A5.2.5.4.1

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A5.2.5.2 Non-Notification

Any application for resource consent for the activities listed as 3 Table A5.2.5.1 shall be considered without public or limited notification or the need to obtain the written approval from affected parties if the Land Use and/or Subdivision are consistent with the principles of the Pukehāngi Development Area Structure Plan Pukehāngi Development Area Structure Plan and Performance Standards, with the exception that:

Applications that are inconsistent with the SMP prepared by Rotorua Lakes Council under Policy 2a.1 will require the written approval of Te Rūnanga o Ngāti Kearoa Ngāti Tuarā Trusc, Ngaki Whakaue (as represented by Te Komiro o te Utuhina & National Structure (as represented by Te Komiro o te Utuhina & National Structure), and Te Arawa Lakes Trust in order to pleased without limited notification.

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Subdivision applications that do not next the subdivision performance standards in A5.2.3.4.7 A5.2.3.4.8, and A5.23.4.8a will require the written approval of the Bay of Plenty Regional Council in order to proceed without limited notification.

A5.2.5.3 Performance Standards – Land Use

1 The Rural 1 Zone provisions apoly

2 Yards

The minimum yard is buildings shall be as provided for in the Rural 1 Zone provisions except as follows:

<u>Yards from the Soundary adjacent to forestry where indicated in the structure plan: 30 1</u>

A5.2.5.4 Performance Standards – Subdivision

1 Potection of Landscape Values by Re-vegetation of Upper Escarpment

- The Upper Escarpment shall be partially re-vegetated to provide a backdrop to development on the Upper Terrace.
- A subdivision consent application for all or part of the Upper Terrace shall include any part of the Upper Escarpment adjoining that part of the Upper Terrace.
- c. Upper Escarpment Planting Plan: A planting plan shall be provided with the subdivision consent application. This shall be prepared by a suitably qualified landscape architect and shall specify:
 - i. A planting schedule; and
 - ii. A planting programme.
- d. A post-planting maintenance regime including a pest plant and pest animal management programme.

A5.2.6 RESTRICTED DISCRETIONARY ACTIVITIES: METHOD OF ASSESSMENT

Council shall restrict its discretion to the following matters.

A5.2.6.1 Land Use within the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area – Residential 1 Zone and Rural 2 Zone that does not meet the performance standards

- 1 The effects of non-compliance with the performance standards; and
- 2 The extent to which the objectives and policies of the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area and the Residential 1 Zone and Rural 2 Zone will continue to be met.

A5.2.6.2 Land Use within the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area – Medium Density Resident Development on the Identified Sites

- 1 The extent to which the principles of the Pukehāngi Heights Develophen Area Structure Plan will be achieved;
- 2 The extent to which the objectives and policies of the Pukehang Heights
 Development Area and the underlying zone will be met:
- 3 The compatibility between surrounding residences and the proposed development, having regard to the protection of visual and aural privacy and visual dominance of buildings; and
- 4 The quality of the environmental outcomes achieved for residents within the development having regard to:
 - a. Visual and aural privacy;
 - b. Access to open space;
 - c. On-site amenity planting
 - d. Accessibility for all abilities;
 - e. Pedestrian and cycle connectivity;
 - f. Safe and convenient access and parking for vehicles (if provided); and
 - g. Solal access and passive heating and ventilation.

<u>A5.2.6.3</u> Land Use within the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area - retail, cafe and early childhood centres

The extent to which the principles of the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area Structure Plan will be achieved;

- 2 The extent to which the objectives and policies of the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area and the underlying zone will be met;
- 3 The compatibility between the proposed development and surrounding residential activities having regard to the protection of visual and aural privacy, and visual dominance of buildings;
- 4 The extent to which the development will promote walkable access to local services; and
- 5 The extent to which the development provides for safe and convenient access and parking for vehicles, and minimises traffic congestion within the surrounding streets.

A5.2.6.4 Land Use within the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area Additional or Subsidiary household unit - Rural 2 Zone

- 1 The extent to which the principles of the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area Structure Plan will be achieved; and
- 2 The extent to which the objectives and policies of the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area and the underlying zone will be met.

A5.2.6.5 Subdivision within the Pukehāngi Heights Development Area – Residential 1 Zone, Rural 1 and 2 Zones and Passive Open Space Overlay

- 1 The extent to which the principles of the Pukehāngi Heights Development Structure Plan will be achieved;
- 2 The extent to which the objectives and policies of the Pukehāngi heights Development Area and the underlying zone will be met; and
- 3 The appropriateness of ownership and management measures to ensure the required re-vegetation is maintained in perpetuity.

A5.2.7 **Methods**

<u>1</u> Applicants and Council shall support and faillitate tangata whenua participation in

